

# HAPPENINGS IN AND ABOUT TOWN

## Recreation Committee in Voluminous Report, Shows 120,000 Used Grounds

Louis M. Hammerschmidt, chairman of the municipal recreation committee, Monday morning gave out the printed report of the work of that committee since its inception in September, 1914. The report is printed in a booklet containing facts regarding the development of the recreation work in South Bend during the past 15 months, and illustrations of various playgrounds and feature events conducted under the jurisdiction of the committee. The report is addressed to the mayor, members of the council, the school board, and citizens interested in the work of the committee, and states that South Bend has taken the lead over all cities in Indiana in this line of work.

According to the report more than 120,000 persons, one-third of whom were adults, attended the playgrounds in the city during the fall and summer of 1915. It was pointed out that for every acre of playground and another 20-acre tract which will be eventually used as a playground, have been secured during the life of the committee. This committee is composed of Mr. Hammerschmidt, chairman, Mrs. Homer J. Miller, secretary-treasurer; Mrs. Clement Smogor, U. G. Manning, William Clegg, Herbert D. Warner, Richard Eibel, and F. B. Barnes, recreation director.

Portions of the report given out Monday showing the development of the work, follow:

"During this short period, four playgrounds and one playfield were provided and supervised; another 20-acre playfield secured for future development. During the summer and fall of 1915 there was an attendance of about 120,000 persons at these places. A Civic Federation consisting of 12 social centers, representing every part of the city, was organized. The committee has assisted and supervised these constituent organizations which, during this period held 119 meetings with a total attendance of over 20,000. An Amateur Athletic federation, to promote amateur athletics in accordance with approved standards, was formed. The federation enrolled 38 teams with more than 500 players and conducted two track and field meets. Public school an interplayground leagues were formed, comprising 1,000 players and playing over 200 matched games. School and home garden departments were organized. Two municipal Christmas tree festivals were carried out. Community singing was inaugurated. Courses in civics for the social centers arranged. Class in parliamentary law, formed for the officers of the social centers. Training work was organized for playground directors, for leaders in singing, and for boys' and girls' clubs; and a variety of other activities detailed in the following report.

"What Recreation Is. "Before entering upon our detailed report, it will be well to consider briefly what recreation is. "Recreation is what we do in the periods when we are not working or sleeping. Recreation is the thing we do when we seek pleasure or diversion. It is free self-expression. Recreation or play is not a frill or luxury attached to life; it is life itself in the making. It is the portion of life with its promise of pleasure and free expression, which impels us to study and labor through the tiring waking periods of our lives, and it is principally through the activities of the recreation period that our characters are formed and our lives are shaped. What we do in this play time largely determines our happiness and usefulness. If recreation is of a destructive nature, the result is broken health, mental decline, vicious habits and wrecked lives. If, on the other hand, it is of a constructive character, the result is better health, greater skill, stronger character and more useful lives. "The work of the recreation committee is concerned with this period of time which we commonly refer to as the leisure period. Any activity which may be organized to make this period contribute to a larger, more complete and happy life is within the scope of the municipal recreation committee. Any plans which will promote the physical fitness, mental training, social life and moral vigor of the children and adults of the community come within the range of this committee. "The committee believes that rational, organized mental and physical recreation may be made a means whereby all the hours of the day shall be infused with new vigor, vision, power and happiness, and that such a program will go far toward improving the citizenship of this community. " "What of Social Centers. "We think it well to outline here the proper place for social centers because in them citizens can meet on common ground, laying aside all political, religious, racial, class or other prejudice. "School buildings belong to all the people, all have a sense of ownership and feel at home in them.

"Further they are so located, to make them convenient meeting places for their respective neighborhoods, and most of them have roomy and attractive assembly rooms. "The essential idea of the social center is to get all the people of the neighborhood acquainted and working together for the common good. "An important part of our education is secured from contact with our fellows. The wisest man always has something to learn from the humblest. By such contact, prejudice and misunderstanding are removed and we learn to value men and women on their individual merits. "Modern city life tends to isolate people; the city dweller is fortunate if he knows all the people in his own block; while the majority of those in other sections of the city might as well be in foreign countries as far as they know each other with them is concerned. "The people are also divided along the lines of their special interests, or employment. The result is cliques and classes and all sorts of petty prejudices which must be overcome if we are to know the true worth of our neighbors, and are to unite with them to make this a better world. "A social center should be a place where we emphasize the fact that all classes of people are just 'folks,' essentially alike in spite of artificial barriers and foolish class distinctions. "No great question arose or ever will be rightly settled in hate. True civilization means the rule of ideas and reason, tempered by a human sympathy, and until people get together to gain a better understanding of each other, to broaden their knowledge, to talk things over, and to think things out, no real civilization will be possible. The way to settle questions is to have full, free, fair discussion of them.

"The social center is a people's forum, a place where folks can get together on those things in which all have a common interest. It affords an opportunity to discuss political and economic questions as friends and neighbors and not as the adherents of any party. "A city is just our larger home. The things that affect part of the city affect the whole. The conditions that make for disease and crime in one locality may at any hour reach out and touch our own household. For our safety, and as a matter of loyalty, we must be informed as to conditions of our home city and strive to improve these conditions for all the people in it. "City officials, no matter how competent they may be, are constantly handicapped in their efforts to promote the city's interests by the indifference of citizens, and by the people's lack of knowledge of the details of city affairs. Through these social centers, interest can be awakened and a proper measure of cooperation be secured. "In the effort to bring about better conditions in human society, progress is constantly impeded by a progressive sentiment is diffused among individuals who have no common point of contact. Every citizen, no matter how progressive he may be, cannot make his influence count because he is separated from those who think as he does. The social center gets people together and gives their ideas collective force; it enables them to pull together. " "All Recommendations Met. "In a preliminary report made early in the year to the mayor, common council and board of school trustees, the committee recommended there be secured at least two tracts of ground of not less than five acres each, located west of Chapin and south of Washington—one in the extreme western part of the city for future use. It also recommended that playgrounds be equipped at Yarell, Kaley, and Sample schools, and that supervision be provided at these places; and also supervision at Coquillard school, where apparatus was already installed. "These recommendations have all been met. The securing of the J. D. Oliver playfield and the purchase of the Wood-Turner tract provides the additional ground needed as urged by the committee, and funds for the supervision of all playgrounds and all playfields have been furnished. "Early in the spring of 1915 there was laid the plans for South Bend's first municipal supervised playground, located as they were in districts where there was very little property which might be used for play places they met a long felt want. "For the first few weeks the playgrounds connected with the school buildings supplemented the vacation period schools and were only open in the afternoon. This arrangement helped materially in occupying in a wholesome way the leisure time of the children and young people. In the evening the grounds were open especially for adults who were employed during the day and an effort was made to so arrange the work that it would be attractive to this class of people. "It has been most gratifying to the municipal recreation committee to note the large attendance of those who are classed as adults; practically one-third of the attendance of all the playgrounds was composed of those who were over 16 years of age. "Many and varied were the activities conducted on the playgrounds, ranging from the use of the sand bins, slides, swings, teeter-totters, giant strides and outdoor gymnasium apparatus, to organized leagues playing competitive games, folk dancing, hikes into the country, drills, etc. "Each playground had its characteristic organizations, all of which were of the wholesome type. Probably the phase of organized work which received the most attention was the Inter-Playground leagues of which there were seven, 36 teams enrolling 460 players and playing 140 matched games. There were awarded silver trophies for the championship in each of the leagues. "Six Play Festivals. "At the conclusion of the summer season there were six play festivals, one on each of the grounds, and one final festival, at which all the playgrounds presented the best feature of their individual festival. More than 1,000 children took part in these festivals, and the attendance was more than 5,000. "Some of the results which cannot be measured by figures are as follows: A spirit of helpfulness and cooperation in the organization and conduct of the various activities. Progress was made in self-government. There was practically no stealing of supplies, and in almost every case where it did occur, the boys found the guilty party and prescribed the punishment. "The competitive games between the various playgrounds brought about a wholesome respect for boys and girls who lived in different sections of the city and who were of a diversified nationality. As the season progressed, there was a marked improvement in the spirit of clean play and the square deal, and a real effort was made to treat the visiting teams as guests and honored opponents. At the same time there was developed a spirit of loyalty and pride in their home teams. "The general impression, gained from the police and court officials is that there has been a marked decrease in arrests for juvenile delinquencies, and a marked falling off of the loitering about the railroad yards, street corners, saloons, etc. Several individuals with reformer records proved to be the best boys on the grounds. "In the districts where the population was largely made up of those who were born in foreign countries, or the children of foreign born parents, there was at first, a marked shyness and suspicion; toward the end of the season, however, the boys and girls entered heartily into the plans outlined by the directors. "Manufacturers, business men and people who live in the districts which have supervised play, are unanimous in their approval and lend their hearty support to the various activities. "To many, the playgrounds have meant a complete change in the outlook toward life. It has brought happiness and joy not previously conceived of. It has made life in many instances much more worth while. This is particularly true of the great number of young people who are employed in the industries and who heretofore had nothing worth while to look forward to after the day's work was over. "The committee believes that, fundamentally, the whole problem of wholesome recreation is an educational one. "That all recreation should be so conducted as to contribute to the development of the body, mind and character. "That the contact brought about by properly supervised recreational and educational activities is the one day school or fusion medium for both adults and children, the best means of breaking down the barriers of race, or prejudice and of promoting sympathy, understanding and democracy. "That all organized play for children should be supervised and that results depend almost wholly upon this supervision and not upon elaborate equipment. "That properly supervised recreation promotes fairness, courtesy and honesty, while it increases health, efficiency, initiative and self-control. "That adults have the same need of recreation as younger people and that for them recreation should be such as to mean re-creation. "That the social center movement has shown that we have large groups of citizens who are willing to give their services in promoting the general welfare and that this force should be utilized in this larger movement to make leisure time a constructive period. "The committee presents this outline of its plans for the consideration of all the people of the community and solicits that hearty and far-seeing cooperation which will give South Bend the distinction of being a city in which the welfare of all its people has highest consideration, and in which the unity of effort exists as to make this movement a notable one in American cities."

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NEW YORK'S LATEST STYLES JUST OPENED AT ELLSWORTH'S. Coats, suits, dresses just in from New York.

We bought hundreds of new garments in New York last week so they are just arriving by express. We want you to see them.

THE ELLSWORTH STORE.

Spain in 1915 mined 2,402,000 tons of coal and imported 1,200,000 tons.

## SNYDER "OUT" OF TURNKEY POSITION

Bailey and Appointee Mutually Dissatisfied, Reason For Change.

A. C. Snyder, turnkey at the county jail, Monday confirmed the rumor that his services would terminate there Wednesday night. He said that he tendered his resignation some time ago and told Sheriff Charles E. Bailey to secure another man.

It was rumored Sunday night that Snyder had been ousted to give room for Ronald O'Neill, son of Lieut. Gov. William P. O'Neill, who has been appointed deputy sheriff. Both Sheriff Bailey and Snyder denied this.

Snyder said Monday that conditions at the jail were not what he expected them to be. Sheriff Bailey said Snyder had failed to keep the jail up to the standard set by Ray Barkley, former turnkey, who became deputy sheriff when John P. Cully resigned that office to become chief deputy under Auditor Arthur E. Wolf.

Sheriff Bailey announced Monday that Barkley would resume his old position as turnkey. O'Neill will be "office deputy" and Frank Niezdowski will continue his work as "road deputy."

## DEATHS

MARTHA BERNICE BOLINGER. Martha Bernice Bolinger, 12-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bolinger of 820 Dunham st., died early Sunday morning following an illness of six weeks at the Epworth hospital. She is survived by her parents, two brothers, Lelroy and Edgar, and one sister, Ruth, at home.

She was born in Mishawaka, March 5, 1904. Funeral services will be held from the Kreighbaum undertaking chapel.

GEORGE KLEITZ. George Kleitz, 55 years old, died at his home on the Edwardsburg road, Saturday evening, following an illness of two days. He is survived by his wife and three sons, Marshal of Bremen, Edward in Ohio and Louis of Granger, Ind. He was born April 10, 1860, and was a resident of Harris township for 25 years.

Funeral services will be held from St. Paul's Lutheran church Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Rev. H. Holle will officiate. Burial will be in the Highland cemetery.

MARGARET B. LAWTON. Margaret B. Lawton, sister of Mrs. T. J. Swantz of this city, died Sunday at noon after a short illness at her home at Lawton, Mich. She was well known in South Bend.

## FUNERALS

MRS. CATHERINE WHITEMAN. Funeral services for Mrs. Catherine Whiteman, 118 Haney av., will be held at Grace M. E. church Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Rev. J. Brandenberg, assisted by Rev. F. K. Dougherty, officiating. Burial will be in Sumption Prairie cemetery.

## NILES MAN RELEASED

Draws Suspended Sentence on Intoxication Charge.

Charles Clymer, hailing from Niles, Mich., escaped from a suspended sentence in city court Monday morning upon a charge of intoxication. As a general rule the Wolveners are shown little leniency by Judge Warner when they come to South Bend and get drunk but Clymer had an attorney plea his case for him and after a bit of deliberation the court released the young man upon his promise to refrain from intoxication while in the city limits of South Bend.

C. F. Gantz was fined \$1 and costs for intoxication. A petit larceny charge is pending against the man and will be investigated later.

SAYS HE COULDN'T PAY William McCormick Denies Intention to Defraud Landlord.

William McCormick pleaded not guilty to the charge of beating a board bill Monday morning in city court, and because of the absence of the complaining witness, Kathryn Kindig, 752 S. Main st., the case was continued until Tuesday morning.

McCormick admitted he owed the woman a bill of \$44, but declared that he had been out of work, being unable to secure a position at his trade as a barber. The judge stated that there were plenty of opportunities for barbers in South Bend, and held the excuse to be rather weak.

## VANDENBURG FUNERAL TO BE HELD ON TUESDAY

Funeral services for Seth R. Vandenburg, 518 N. Sixth st., River Park, who committed suicide Saturday afternoon by placing a revolver in his mouth and firing the bullet through his brain, will be held at the residence at 2 o'clock Tuesday afternoon. Rev. A. W. Smith will officiate. Burial will be in Riverview cemetery.

## INDIANAPOLIS MAN TO ADDRESS LOCAL CHAMBER TONIGHT

Dick Miller, president of the Rotary club and a director of the Chamber of Commerce of Indianapolis will address the members of the South Bend Chamber of Commerce tonight. His subject will be "Community Spirit" and Mr. Miller is said to be well qualified to speak in an entertaining and instructively on such a topic.

Mr. Miller is president of one of the leading brokerage firms of the



DICK MILLER, of Indianapolis, Speaker at C. of C. Tonight.

capital city and for many years has been actively engaged in civic work. Mr. Miller is not a stranger in South Bend. He has visited here a number of times and at the Rotarian conference held here in February he delivered one of the principal addresses.

The object of the meeting this evening is to give the members of the local organization a definite idea of the work that is being accomplished by the various committees. Reports and informal talks will be given by the various chairmen. An outline of the new membership campaign will be given and an appetizing luncheon will be served.

## COUNCIL LIKELY TO BUY PARK SITE

Indications are that Mayor Keller's movement to purchase the Rum Village property at a cost to the city of \$45,000 will attain success at the council meeting tonight. It is reported that a special committee of the whole session will be held preceding the regular council meeting, and a favorable report upon the Rum Village ordinance will be passed. This will leave the way open for the council to follow out the wishes of the mayor and shove the ordinance over at tonight's meeting.

There has been much debate over the question but Mayor Keller has set his mind to buying the property. During the past few weeks he, with his advisers, have been conducting a campaign throughout the civic clubs—those organizations which he is asserted to be welding together as a political machine—in the interests of the Rum Village and other pet propositions. At an alleged mass meeting in the council chambers Thursday night, packed for the purpose, but still with less than 100 people present, a favorable vote upon the question resulted and it is understood that Mayor Keller has taken this as the action which will support the expenditure of \$45,000 for the property.

An ordinance appropriating \$4,000 to the new building department will be passed upon at tonight's meeting of the council. Another ordinance providing for the naming of DuShane court will also be up for third reading.

## WILL ALLOW FIRST CHIEF'S TROOPS IN U. S.

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.)

The danger of Carranza's troops opposing the entrance of United States forces into Mexico is now removed. War Office Silent.

The war department remained silent regarding troop movements. Sec'y Baker said that such information as was proper will be made public as early as possible. He pointed out, however, that the task of getting an expedition of the sort needed to cope with Villa already was one that took time. Not alone soldiers, but an adequate commissary, artillery support and ambulance service is needed, and all arrangements also must be made to support it so that it can neither be ambushed or cut off.

Pres't Wilson, after spending the week end on the lower Potomac and Chesapeake bay cruising on the Mayflower, returned to Washington prepared to take up with Sec'y of State Lansing the question of a reply to the Carranza note asking that a reciprocal arrangement be made so that the constitutional forces may disperse handily across the line into the United States in return for allowing the United States to invade Mexico.

## MEET WEDNESDAY

Owing to a change in classes as a result of St. Patrick's day coming on Friday, the interhall track meet set for Thursday will be held Wednesday afternoon at Notre Dame.

## LAWYER STRICKEN WHILE TRYING SALOON CASE

Atty. Chas. P. Drummmond Is Taken Home—New Carlisle Residents Oppose Walker's License.

While trying a case before the commissioners' court Monday morning Atty. Charles P. Drummmond was suddenly stricken ill and had to be taken to his home. During the hearing of the case in the morning Mr. Drummmond with difficulty managed to examine witnesses. Monday afternoon his son, Donald Drummmond, a member of the firm of Drummmond and Drummmond, conducted the hearing of the evidence.

The case was one in which citizens of New Carlisle were remonstrating against the renewal of a retail liquor license to Major Walker of New Carlisle. It was alleged by the remonstrators that the saloon keeper had kept his place of business open on Lincoln's birthday, a legal holiday, and that he sold to minors.

Paul DeWitt was the chief witness for the remonstrators. He said that he had been appointed to take charge of the temperance work at a conference of the Sunday schools in New Carlisle. He testified before the board of commissioners that he had been arrested by Lincoln on Lincoln's birthday and that the saloon was filled with customers.

William Brummitt, 83 years old, a banker of New Carlisle, testified earlier in the hearing that he regarded Walker as a good moral man. The contention of the saloon keeper, it was understood, was to be that he had no knowledge that his place was open on the holiday, his business being conducted by his two bartenders.

## ILLINOIS AUTHORITIES WANT FORGER HELD HERE

Gov. Dunne of Illinois has issued a requisition upon Gov. Ralston of Indiana for the return of George A. Morris, alias Axel V. Wilson, who is under arrest in South Bend charged with issuing fraudulent checks. Morris is charged with obtaining \$50 on Aug. 31, 1915, of Eli Friedhof, a broker, of Springfield, Ill., giving as security a team of horses and wagon which he did not own. Many others in Springfield are also reported to have been fleeced by Morris.

The confidence man was picked up here several days ago when his speculations flew just a bit too high. Morris arranged to buy the Pike hotel in Niles, Mich., and presented a check for \$16,000 to the owner. Then he came to South Bend, went to the Frazier and Frazier garage and gave a check for \$1,200 for an automobile. He then offered to give William DeVine a job as chauffeur for five years at \$1,200 a year. This aroused the suspicions of several people and the police were notified.

It was learned that Morris had given Stephen Gyenge a check for \$50 in return for which he received a suit of clothes, \$10 in money and a check for \$10. He cashed the check at Adler Brothers store and a few minutes later was apprehended. He confessed to the police here and now the Springfield authorities are after him.

## CLAIMS FOR \$20,000 FILED AGAINST ESTATE

Nearly \$20,000 worth of claims were filed against the estate of Luthera Beatty in the circuit court Monday morning. The Old National bank of Grand Rapids filed two separate claims, one for \$7,000 and the other for \$5,000.

The First National bank of South Bend through the cashier, Charles L. Zigler, filed a claim for \$7,000 against the estate. The claim was filed against the estate of Luthera Beatty, who was the decedent's son-in-law. The claim was filed in behalf of the claimants in favor of the Beatty Felling Co. An inventory of the estate made by County Assessor Roscoe Truax showed the decedent's property to be worth approximately \$15,453.30. An estimate filed at the time that the estate was admitted to probate fixed the value of the personal property at \$10,000 and the real estate at \$15,000.

## WILL SHARE EXPENSE OF MOVING GRANDSTAND

Expenses of moving the old baseball grandstand at Springbrook park from its present location to the southeast corner of the ball field are discussed at a meeting of the directors of the St. Joseph County Fair and Amusement association with C. D. Emmons, general manager of the Northern Indiana Railway Co., and Ed Smith, president of the South Bend Baseball club, at the Oliver hotel Monday morning. The directors will pay half of the cost. If it is decided to move the stand, G. W. Wright, Pawnee, Okla., representing Pawnee Bill's wild west show, attended the meeting to secure a contract to stage the free acts at the Interstate fair this fall. The directors turned down his proposition.

## COURT NOTES

Blanch Van Skyhawk vs. Merle Van Skyhawk, divorce, grounds, cruel and inhuman treatment, circuit.

Amelia Sandstrom vs. Amiel Sandstrom, divorce, grounds, abandonment, circuit.

Mary Jordan vs. Albert Jordan, divorce, grounds, cruel and inhuman treatment, circuit.

Rose Barton vs. D. F. Barton, divorce, grounds, habitual drunkenness, circuit.

William O. Collar vs. Jerry Donovan, action to collect on note, judgment of \$212 asked, superior.

Arnie Van Damme vs. Christine Van Damme, divorce, grounds, cruel and inhuman treatment, superior.

Silvie Sieron vs. Richard Sieron, divorce, grounds, habitual drunkenness, superior.

## MARKET QUOTATIONS

### AMERICAN STOCKS EXTREMELY WEAK

International News Service: NEW YORK, March 12.—Stocks of all companies holding properties in Mexico were extremely weak on the stock exchange today, and although advances were recorded in other issues at the start, the general list later became heavy in sympathy with the drop in Mexicans. Mexican Petroleum opened three points lower at 100 and then receded to 99 1/2. American Smelting lost 2 1/2 to 99 1/2. Graciosa Cement two points to 49 1/2, and Southern Pacific 3/4 to 98 1/2. Crucible Steel after moving up 1 1/4 to 86, reacted to 85. American Zinc fell 1/2 to 84 1/2, followed by a rally to 85 1/2. Steel common started 1/4 higher at 83 1/2, but lost the gain. Anaconda and Utah Copper both suffered fractional losses.

NEW YORK STOCKS. International News Service: NEW YORK, March 12.—Closing prices on the stock exchange today were:

Allis-Chalmers 31 1/2  
American Agricultural 67 1/2  
American Beet Sugar 70 1/2  
American Can Co. 67 1/2  
American Coal Products 163 1/2  
American Cotton Oil 52 1/2  
American Locomotive 79  
American Smelting 99 1/2  
American Steel Foundries 54  
American Sugar Refinery 108 1/2  
American Tel. and Tel. 128 1/2  
American Woolen 45 1/2  
Anaconda Copper 87 1/2  
Atchafalaya 102 1/2  
Baldwin Locomotive 111 1/2  
Baltimore and Ohio 88 1/2  
Bethlehem Steel 48 1/2  
Brooklyn Rapid Transit 85  
California Petroleum 24 1/2  
Canadian Pacific 165 1/2  
Chesapeake and Ohio 61  
Chicago and Northwestern 26  
Chicago Fuel and Iron 46  
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul 94  
Consolidated Gas 134  
Corn Products 22 1/2  
Crucible Steel 92 1/2  
Distilleries and Securities 48 1/2  
General Electric 171  
General Motor 460  
Goodrich Co. 73 1/2  
Great Northern 121 1/2  
Great Northern Ore. 12 1/2  
Humble Oil 192  
Inspiration Copper 47 1/2  
Interboro 16 1/2  
Interboro, pfd. 72  
International Harvester 110  
Central Leather 54  
Kansas City Southern 26 1/2  
Missouri, Kansas and Texas 4 1/2  
Kansas and Texas, pfd. 78 1/2  
Lackawanna Steel 77 1/2  
Laclede Valley 26 1/2  
Miami Copper 26 1/2  
Louisville, Nashville 123 1/2  
Maxwell Motor Co., 1st Pfd. 83 1/2  
Missouri Pacific 4 1/2  
Mexican Petroleum 101 1/2  
New York Central 105 1/2  
New York, N. H. and H. 65 1/2  
National Lead 67 1/2  
Norfolk and Western 119 1/2  
Northern Pacific 127 1/2  
N. Y. Ontario and Western 27 1/2  
Pennsylvania 166 1/2  
People's Gas 104 1/2  
Pressed Steel Car 58 1/2  
Ray Consolidated 24 1/2  
Pittsburgh Coal 29  
Reading 84 1/2  
Republic Iron and Steel 52  
Republic Iron and Steel, pfd. 11 1/2  
Rock Island 16 1/2  
Sloss Sheffield 57  
Southern Pacific 98 1/2  
Southern Railway 21 1/2  
Southern Railway, pfd. 59 1/2  
Studebaker Co. 146 1/2  
Tenn. Copper 56 1/2  
Texas Co. 195 1/2  
Third Avenue 61 1/2  
Union Pacific 133  
U. S. Rubber 51 1/2  
U. S. Steel 137 1/2  
U. S. Steel, pfd. 136 1/2  
U. S. Copper 83 1/2  
Virginia Carolina Chemical 45 1/2  
Western Union 90  
Westinghouse Electric 64  
Willys Overland 231

CHICAGO STOCKS. International News Service: CHICAGO, March 12.—Cattle—Receipts, 11,000. Market 10 @ 15c higher. Beef, \$5.00 @ 10c; cows and heifers, \$3.50 @ 10c; stockers and yearlings, \$3.00 @ 10c; calves, \$3.00 @ 10c.

CHICAGO GRAIN. International News Service: CHICAGO, March 12.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, \$1.00 @ 10c; No. 2 hard, \$0.95 @ 10c; No. 3 hard, \$0.90 @ 10c; No. 4 hard, \$0.85 @ 10c; No. 5 hard, \$0.80 @ 10c; No. 6 hard, \$0.75 @ 10c; No. 7 hard, \$0.70 @ 10c; No. 8 hard, \$0.65 @ 10c; No. 9 hard, \$0.60 @ 10c; No. 10 hard, \$0.55 @ 10c; No. 11 hard, \$0.50 @ 10c; No. 12 hard, \$0.45 @ 10c; No. 13 hard, \$0.40 @ 10c; No. 14 hard, \$0.35 @ 10c; No. 15 hard, \$0.30 @ 10c; No. 16 hard, \$0.25 @ 10c; No. 17 hard, \$0.20 @ 10c; No. 18 hard, \$0.15 @ 10c; No. 19 hard, \$0.10 @ 10c; No. 20 hard, \$0.05 @ 10c; No. 21 hard, \$0.00 @ 10c; No. 22 hard, \$0.00 @ 10c; No. 23 hard, \$0.00 @ 10c; No. 24 hard, \$0.00 @ 10c; No. 25 hard, \$0.00 @ 10c; No. 26 hard, \$0.00 @ 10c; No. 27 hard, \$0.00 @ 10c; No. 28 hard, \$0.00 @ 10c; No. 29 hard, \$0.00 @ 10c; No. 30 hard, \$0.00 @ 10c; No. 31 hard, \$0.00 @ 10c; No. 32 hard, \$0.00 @ 10c;